

# ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL NO#3 RAWATBHATA

Half yearly Examination 2019-2020

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Class- 11<sup>th</sup>

Max. Marks- 80

Sub- History

Time- 3 Hours

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## General Instruction-

- i) Answer all the questions. Marks are indicated against each question.
- ii) Questions no. 1 to 20 are MCQ/one word/ one line answer based question which carry 1 mark each.
- iii) Answer the question no. 21 to 23, carrying 3 marks should not exceed 100 words each.
- iv) Answer the question no. 24 to 27, carrying 8 marks should not exceed 350 words each.
- v) Question no. 28 to 30 is a source Based Questions carrying 6 marks each.
- vi) Question no. 31 includes map related questions. Students should attach the map within the answer scripts.

### Part "A" (Objective type Answer Question)

Tick the correct Answers

1. Homo Habilis mean

- (a) Tool maker      (b) thinking man      (c) homo erect      (d) none of these

2. ----- is a discipline that studies human culture and evolutionary aspects of human biology.

- (a) Geography      (b) Anthropology      (c) Ethnography      (d) all of these

3. Which of these was the ruler of early ruler of Uruk?

- (a) Enmerkar      (b) Nebonidius      (c) Ashurbanipal      (d) None of the above

4. Which of the following was a mark of urban life in Mesopotamia?

- (a) Written records      (b) Division of Labour      (c) social Organization      (d) all of these

5. Genghis khan was born in present day of -----

- (a) Iran      (b) Iraq      (c) Mongolia      (d) China

6. What is Qubcur?

- (a) Expenditure      (b) Provinces      (c) Tax      (d) Donation

7. When was the Principate established in Rome?

- (a) 326 BCE      (b) 57 BCE      (c) 27 BCE      (d) 77 BCE

8. In Roman Empire liquids like wine and olive oil were transported in a containers are called as

(a) Drum            (b) Amphorae                            (c) Basket                            (d) Cask

9. Prophet Muhammad declared himself as the messenger of God in ---- -----A.D.

(a) 612                    (b) 622                                    (c) 570                                    (d) 632

10. Prophet Muhammad belonged to Quraysh tribe of -----

(a) Mecca            (b) Medina                                    (c) Dubai                                    (d) Mesopotamia

11. Which ruler period's consider as a peace period?

12. Who was the founder of Islam?

13. Name any one such empire which was spreading across three continents?

14. Which century brought the first major signs of internal strain and crisis?

15. What is Primate?

16. What do you meant by Hijara?

17. What was the first known language of Mesopotamia?

18. What is Gilgamesh?

19. Who was the first Caliph?

20. Who was Mongke?

### **Part "B" (Short Answer Question)**

21. Explain the meaning of the term 'Homo'? 3

On what basis the names of different species have been assigned?

22. Describe the communication system fashioned by Genghis Khan? 3

23. Write in brief about the Abbasid Revolution? 3

### **Part "C" (Long Answer Question)**

24. Write in details about the development of writing in Mesopotamia? 8

25. Explain in details situating Genghis Khan and the Mongols in the world? 8

26. How independent were women in the Roman Empire? 8

Compare the situations of the Roman family with the family on India today?

27. Write in details about the rise of Islam in Arabia? 8

28. Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions that follow:

The earliest cities in Mesopotamia date back to the Bronze Age, C. 3000 BCE. Bronze is an alloy of copper and tin. Using bronze meant procuring these metals, often from great distances. Metal tools were necessary for accurate carpentry, drilling beads, carrying stone seals, cutting

shell for inlaid furniture, etc. Mesopotamian weapons were also of bronze- for example the tips of the spears.

- a) What was the meaning of using bronze? 2
- b) When did the earliest cities originated in Mesopotamia? 1
- c) Why were metal tools necessary? 2

#### Part D

29. Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions that follow:

#### **The Doctor Galen on how Roman Cities treated the countryside**

The famine prevalent for many successive years has clearly displayed for men in many provinces has clearly displayed for men of any understanding the effect of malnutrition in generating illness. The city dwellers, as it was their custom to collect and store enough grain for the whole of the next year immediately after the harvest, carried off all the wheat, barley, beans and lentils, and left to the peasants various kinds of pulse- after taking quite a large proportion of these to the city. After consuming what was left in the course of the winter, the country people had to resort to unhealthy foods in the spring, they ate twigs and shoots of trees and bushes and bulbs and roots of inedible plants....

Galen, on good and Bad Diet

- 1. What was the reason for illness in the country side According to Dr, Galen? 2
- 2. What was the custom of city dwellers in the Roman Empire? 2
- 3. What type of foods was the country side people depended in the season spring? 1

30. Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions that follow:

#### **Yasa**

In 1221, after the conquest of Bukharo, Genghis Khan had assembled the rich Muslim residents at the festival ground and had admonished them. He called them sinners and warned them to compensate for their sins by parting with their hidden wealth. The episode was dramatic enough to be painted and for a long time afterwards people still remembered the incident. In the late sixteen century, Abdullah Khan, a distant descendent of Jochi, Genghis Khan's elder son went to the same festival ground in Bukhara. Unlike Genghis khan however Abdullah Khan went to perform his holiday prayers there. His chronicler, Hafiz-I Tanish, reported this performance of Muslim piety by his master and included the surprising comment: this was according to the Yasa of Genghis Khan'

- 1. What Genghis did after conquest of Bukhara? 2
- 2. When was Bukhara conquered? 1
- 3. Who won the capital city of Bukhara? 1
- 4. Who was Abdullah Khan? 1

#### Part E

31.1 On the given political out line map of Asia, three places have been marked as 1 and 2. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them. 2

31.2 On the given political map of Europe locate and label the following with the appropriate symbols: 2

United Kingdom, France