# **Atomic Energy Education Society**

# **Annual Examination – 2018-19**

Class: VII Subject: English			Time: 3 Hrs Marks: 80
Student's Name	D:	To be filled by the student	
Name of the Sc	hool:		
Class /Sec:	Roll No:	Date of Examination:	

#### **General Instructions:**

- 1. The paper consists of four parts
  - Section A (Reading) 20 Marks
  - Section B (Writing) 20 Marks
  - Section C (Grammar) 15 Marks
  - Section D (Literature) 25 Marks
- 2. All questions are compulsory
- 3. Write down the answers neatly and correctly.

### Section – A (Reading)

20 Marks

### I. Readthe following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

### The First Man in Space

Yuri Gagarin, the first man to travel into space, was born in 1934. He was the son of a village carpenter who lived near the city of Smolensk in Russia, and Yuri attended the local school. When he was old enough, he joined the Soviet Air Force and trained as a pilot. He qualified as a jet- aircraft pilot, and was then promoted to the rank of Major.

The first rockets sent up into space carried no crew but only scientific instruments; the next carried animals; and when these animals were brought back safely to earth, the Russian scientists were ready to send up a man. They chose Major Yuri Gagarin to be the first pilot.

The choice was a good one, and Gagarin was ready to volunteer for the first space flight right round the world. He had to go through a long and difficult period of training, since he would have to carry out many scientific experiments during his journey, and had also to know as much as possible about rocket in which he was to fly. He would be taking great risks, for it was impossible to tell just what the effects of travelling in space would be. If anything went wrong with the rocket, Gagarin would be certain to lose his life. However, Gagarin was ready for any risk, and quickly learned all that he needed to know .On April 12th, 1961, his spaceship, the Vostok, was ready, and the great adventure began.

# 1.1 On the basis of your reading the above passage answer the following questions briefly: (1x6=6marks)

(a) Yuri Gagarin was the son of	
(b) His father lived nearin Russia.	
(c) Yuri was promoted to the rank of	
(d) The first rockets sent up into space carried only	
(e) Yuri had to go through a long period of training since he wo	uld have to carry
out manyduring his journey.	
(f) The name of the spaceship was	
1.2Find the words from the passage which means the opposite of	(1x2=2marks)
(a) demoted ( Paragraph -1)	
(b) easy ( Paragraph -3)	

### II. THE UNDERWATER CORAL CITY

- 1. Coral reefs are warm, clear, shallow ocean habitats that are rich in life. The reefs massive structure is formed from coral polyps, tiny animals that live in colonies. When coral polyps die, they leave behind a hard, stony, branching structure made of limestone.
- 2. There are two types of corals, hard corals and soft corals. Hard corals (like brain coral and elkhorn coral) have hard, limestone skeletons which form the basis of coral reefs. Soft corals (like sea fingers and sea whips) do not build reefs.
- 3. Coral reefs develop in shallow, warm water, usually near land, and mostly in the tropics; corals prefer temperatures between 70°F and 85°F (21-30°C). there are coral reefs off the eastern coast of Africa, off the southern coast of India, in the Red Sea, and off the coasts of northeast and northwest Australia and on to Polynesia. There are also coral reefs off the coast of Florida, USA, to the Caribbean, and down in Brazil.

- 4. The Great Barrier Reef (off the coast of NE Australia) is the largest coral reef in the world. It is over 1,257 miles (2000 km) long.
- 5. Many coral reefs are dying. Major threats to coral reefs are water pollution (from sewage and agricultural runoff), dredging off the coast, carless collecting of coral specimens, and sedimentation (when silt or sand from construction or mining projects muddies the waters of a reef and kills corals, which need light to live).
- 6. The underwater coral city is a unique and diverse collection of colourful and weirdly patterned animals. This city is planned by tiny architects who have devised an interrelated web of large and complex structures, intricate waste disposal system, even its own water conditioning plant. Most of the problems of a city are present: food supply and distribution, that of accommodation and living space, leading to large scale squatting and a shift system, a large floating population, immigration and a balancing force of criminal predators.
- 7. The islands are low merely a meter or two above the sea level, yet they withstand the powerful hurricanes and waves of the Arabian Sea. It is because they are encircled by a protective reef, any destruction during an attack by pounding waves in quickly repaired by its microscopic engineers and architects before the next wave comes not merely repaired but something more, constructed, so the net effect is that of growth.
- 8. It is algae that makes the reef a farmland with many stony pastures. It provides food to may herbivorous fish that tear various blue, green, red and brown algae from the reef. So many such fish are there in the placid waters of the lagoon that their combined crunching sound can be heard by divers and swimmers. Not only do the herbivores survive by staying in the nooks and crannies at night, but also secure living quarters for them on the crowded reef.

### On the basis of your reading, answer the following questions

1.	What are coral reefs?	(1)
2.	What are the two types of corals?	(1)
3.	Where do coral reefs develop?	(1)
4.	Which is the largest coral reef in the world?	(1)
5.	Why are many coral reefs dying?	(2)
6.	How does the coral reef withstand the strong winds and waves?	(2)
7.	What makes the coral reef a farmland?	(2)
8.	Find the words in the text which means the same.	(2)
	(a) Structure of bones that support the body. (Paragraph 2)	
	(b) Planner and designer of buildings. (Paragraph 7)	

III.	Section – B (Writing) You are Swaroop Jain the student editor of school mag students to contribute for the magazine in the form of also wanted them to design the cover. Put a notice on the necessary details.	stories, articles, cartoons etc. you
IV.	Given below are some ideas. Using the ideas, write Bears'.(Word limit: 100)	an article on 'Polar (6)
	Biggest flesh eating animals—arctic region—height 10 for yellowish-white fur—adjust to ice—diet—seals, walrus, swimmers—swim for hours in cold water Active—climb cliff, rocks Migrate during winter in search of ice-free region—enda	small whale, blue berries—good
V.	Using your own ideas, or ideas from the unit trees, in given below, write a short composition about the bound importance.  (Word limit: 150)  (Hints: Trees very useful—attract cloud—help in raintable—provide food—shade—flowers and animals additional additional shade—flowers.)	unties of nature and its  —release oxygen—increase water
	Section – C (Grammar)	15 Marks
VI.	The passage given below has an error in each line the correction in your answer sheet against the cor to underline the word that you have supplied.	
	Rama was a naughty boy that lived	e.g. that who
	in the village of Tenali. Her mother	(a)
	did not know what to do at him	(b)
	since he refused to study or did any	(c)
	work. One day she take him to see	(d)
	a guru. She told an holy man	(e)
	that she were washing her hands off her son.	(f)
VII. 1	<b>Do as directed.</b> That man must be Mr Nath's <u>helper</u> in crime. (Use a sy	(1 x 4 = 4 Marks) nonym for the underlined word)

2. You were required to keep all doors open and not \_\_\_\_\_. (Use an Antonym of

3. Be careful while \_\_\_\_\_ the main road. (Use right form of verb cross)

4. Use a suitable Prefix or Suffix for the word - Courage.

the underlined)

Page 4 of 6

VIII.		= 4 Marks)
	Sarus / bird / is the / largest / in / India / found	
	It is / in the / world / flying / biggest / also the / bird	
	The featherless / sarus / of the / head / ash-coloured / is	
4.	The legs / beak / are pink / and the / with green / is coloured slightl	У
IX.	Complete the following conversation using suitable sentences/p answers in your answer sheet against the correct blank number.	•
	John: Mark (a) this evening?	
	Mark: I am sorry, I can't come to your house today.	
	By the way (b) special?	
	John: Nothing very special as such. I simply wanted to show you m	ny computer.
	Mark: Do you have computer (c)	
	John: My father (d) my birthday.  Mark: Oh! That's great. I will come to see it tomorrow.	
X. Re	Section- D Literature (25 marks) ead the following extract and answer the questions that follow:	(4 marks)
	Meadows have surprises,	
	You can find them if you look;	
	Walk softly through the velvet grass,	
	And listen by the brook.	
	You may see a butterfly	
	Rest upon a buttercup	
	And unfold its drinking straws	
	To sip the nectar up.	
1. Na	me the poem and the poet.	(1)
2. Wł	nere do we find a buttercup?	(1)
3. Wł	nat does the butterfly do on a buttercup?	(1)
4. Wł	nat should we do by a brook?	(1)

# XI. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions. (4 marks)

"He can't be poor if he's a crook on the run." I told him. "He's probably got millions of rupees stashed away somewhere in that room."

"Do you really think he's a criminal, Maya? He doesn't look like one." Nishad looked doubtful.

- 1. Who does 'I' refer to? (1)
- 2. How are the two speakers related? (1)
- 3. Whom did they suspect to be a crook on the run? (1)
- 4. Pick out the word from the passage that means 'perhaps'. (1)

### XII. Answer any four of the following questions in 30 to 40 words. (4x2=8 marks)

- 1. What does Nishad find out about Mr. Nath from Ramesh?
- 2. What happens to the volunteer who swallows four drops of the new invention? What is the name of the invention?
- 3. Spraying water is not a good way of putting out an oil fire or an electric fire. Why not?
- 4. In what condition did the author find the bicycle when he returned from the tool shed?
- 5. How is Test Cricket a unique game in many ways?

### XIII. Answer any two of the following questions in 30 to 40 words. (2x2=4 marks)

- 1. What did the bear eat? There were two things he was not allowed to do. What were they?
- 2. Why did Grandfather want Timothy to be put in another enclosure?
- 3. Why did Tilloo's father advise him not to try to reach the surface of the planet?
- **XIV.** Why, in your opinion, did the man set the doves free? What values do you learn from the prisoner's sacrifice in the story 'I Want something in a Cage'? (5 marks)

########